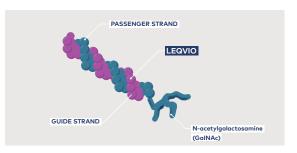
LEQVIO® - HARNESSING THE NATURAL PROCESS OF RNAI TO LOWER LDL-C IN PATIENTS WITH HYPERCHOLESTEROLEMIA



RNA interference (RNAi) is a biological process that regulates gene expression by inhibiting translation of specifically targeted messenger RNA (mRNA) into proteins.1

Therapies called small interfering RNAs (siRNAs) have been developed to harness the body's natural process of RNAi.3

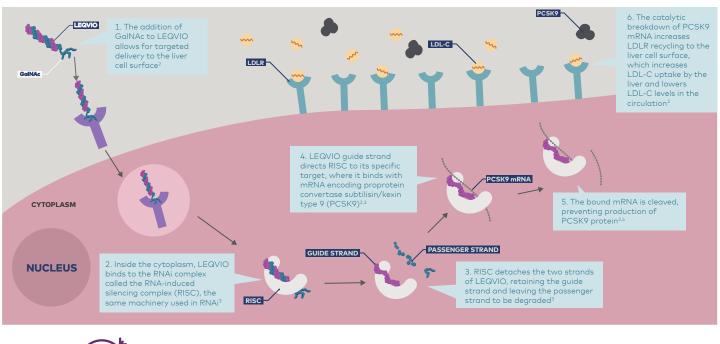


LEQVIO is a first-in-class siRNA therapy that lowers low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) using similar cellular components as RNAi.2

It consists of a guide strand and a passenger strand. The passenger strand is attached to a molecule called GalNAc.2

The efficacy and safety of LEQVIO have been studied in 3 Phase 3 clinical trials in patients with elevated LDL-C despite maximally tolerated statin therapy with or without ezetimibe. ORION-9 examined patients with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH). ORION-10 examined patients with atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD), and ORION-11 examined patients with ASCVD and patients at increased risk of ASCVD.2*

LEQVIO WORKS DIFFERENTLY THAN OTHER LDL-C-LOWERING TREATMENTS AS A COMPLEMENT TO DIET AND EXERCISE²





TARGETED DELIVERY TO HEPATOCYTES²



SLOW RELEASE INTO THE CYTOPLASM³



CATALYTIC ACTIVITY OF LEQVIO-BOUND RISC DEGRADES MULTIPLE COPIES OF TARGET mRNA THEREBY PROLONGING ACTIVITY⁴

*Factors that increase risk of cardiovascular disease include heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia, type 2 diabetes mellitus, or 10-year risk of ≥20%.¹

INDICATION

LEQVIO (inclisiran) injection is indicated as an adjunct to diet and exercise to reduce low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) in adults with hypercholesterolemia, including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH).

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

LEQVIO is contraindicated in patients with a prior serious hypersensitivity reaction to inclisiran or any of the excipients in LEQVIO. Serious hypersensitivity reactions have included angioedema. Adverse reactions in clinical trials (≥3% of patients treated with LEQVIO and more frequently than placebo) were injection site reaction, arthralgia, and bronchitis.

Please click here for LEQVIO full Prescribing Information.

